Federal Acquisition Regulation

- (b) Material, work order, or service order files, consisting of purchase requisitions or purchase orders for material or services, or orders for transfer of material or supplies: Retain 4 years.
- (c) Cash advance recapitulations, prepared as posting entries to accounts receivable ledgers for amounts of expense vouchers prepared for employees' travel and related expenses: Retain 4 years.
- (d) Paid, canceled, and voided checks, other than those issued for the payment of salary and wages: Retain 4 years.
- (e) Accounts payable records to support disbursements of funds for materials, equipment, supplies, and services, containing originals or copies of the following and related documents: remittance advices and statements, vendors' invoices, invoice audits and distribution slips, receiving and inspection reports or comparable certifications of receipt and inspection of material or services, and debit and credit memoranda: Retain 4 years.
- (f) Labor cost distribution cards or equivalent documents: Retain 2 years.
- (g) Petty cash records showing description of expenditures, to whom paid, name of person authorizing payment, and date, including copies of vouchers and other supporting documents: Retain 2 years.

4.705-2 Pay administration records.

- (a) Payroll sheets, registers, or their equivalent, of salaries and wages paid to individual employees for each payroll period; change slips; and tax withholding statements: Retain 4 years.
- (b) Clock cards or other time and attendance cards: Retain 2 years.
- (c) Paid checks, receipts for wages paid in cash, or other evidence of payments for services rendered by employees: Retain 2 years.

[48 FR 42113, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 36022, June 6, 2000; 67 FR 70517, Nov. 22, 2002]

4.705-3 Acquisition and supply records.

- (a) Store requisitions for materials, supplies, equipment, and services: Retain 2 years.
- (b) Work orders for maintenance and other services: Retain 4 years.

- (c) Equipment records, consisting of equipment usage and status reports and equipment repair orders: Retain 4 years.
- (d) Expendable property records, reflecting accountability for the receipt and use of material in the performance of a contract: Retain 4 years.
- (e) Receiving and inspection report records, consisting of reports reflecting receipt and inspection of supplies, equipment, and materials: Retain 4 years.
- (f) Purchase order files for supplies, equipment, material, or services used in the performance of a contract; supporting documentation and backup files including, but not limited to, invoices, and memoranda; e.g., memoranda of negotiations showing the principal elements of subcontract price negotiations (see 52.244–2): Retain 4 years.
- (g) Production records of quality control, reliability, and inspection: Retain 4 years.

[48 FR 42113, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 63 FR 34060, June 22, 1998]

4.706 [Reserved]

Subpart 4.8—Government Contract Files

4.800 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes requirements for establishing, maintaining, and disposing of contract files.

[65 FR 36022, June 6, 2000]

4.801 General.

- (a) The head of each office performing contracting, contract administration, or paying functions shall establish files containing the records of all contractual actions.
- (b) The documentation in the files (see 4.803) shall be sufficient to constitute a complete history of the transaction for the purpose of—
- (1) Providing a complete background as a basis for informed decisions at each step in the acquisition process;
- (2) Supporting actions taken;
- (3) Providing information for reviews and investigations; and
- (4) Furnishing essential facts in the event of litigation or congressional inquiries.

4.802

- (c) The files to be established include— $\,$
 - (1) A file for cancelled solicitations;
 - (2) A file for each contract; and
- (3) A file such as a contractor general file, containing documents relating—for example—to (i) no specific contract, (ii) more than one contract, or (iii) the contractor in a general way (e.g., contractor's management systems, past performance, or capabilities).

4.802 Contract files.

- (a) A contract file should generally consist of—
- (1) The contracting office contract file, that documents the basis for the acquisition and the award, the assignment of contract administration (including payment responsibilities), and any subsequent actions taken by the contracting office:
- (2) The contract administration office contract file, that documents actions reflecting the basis for and the performance of contract administration responsibilities; and
- (3) The paying office contract file, that documents actions prerequisite to, substantiating, and reflecting contract payments.
- (b) Normally, each file should be kept separately; however, if appropriate, any or all of the files may be combined; e.g., if all functions or any combination of the functions are performed by the same office.
- (c) Files must be maintained at organizational levels that ensure—
- (1) Effective documentation of contract actions;
- (2) Ready accessibility to principal users:
- (3) Minimal establishment of duplicate and working files;
- (4) The safeguarding of classified documents; and
- (5) Conformance with agency regulations for file location and maintenance.
- (d) If the contract files or file segments are decentralized (e.g., by type or function) to various organizational elements or to other outside offices, responsibility for their maintenance must be assigned. A central control and, if needed, a locator system should be established to ensure the ability to locate promptly any contract files.

- (e) Contents of contract files that are contractor bid or proposal information or source selection information as defined in 2.101 must be protected from disclosure to unauthorized persons (see 3.104–4).
- (f) Agencies may retain contract files in any medium (paper, electronic, microfilm, etc.) or any combination of media, as long as the requirements of this subpart are satisfied.

[48 FR 42113, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 54 FR 20496, May 11, 1989; 55 FR 36794, Sept. 6, 1990; 59 FR 67016, Dec. 28, 1994; 62 FR 232, Jan. 2, 1997; 67 FR 13063, Mar. 20, 2002]

4.803 Contents of contract files.

The following are examples of the records normally contained, if applicable, in contract files:

- (a) Contracting office contract file. (1) Purchase request, acquisition planning information, and other presolicitation documents.
- (2) Justifications and approvals, determinations and findings, and associated documents.
 - (3) Evidence of availability of funds.
- (4) Synopsis of proposed acquisition as required by part 5 or a reference to the synopsis.
- (5) The list of sources solicited, and a list of any firms or persons whose requests for copies of the solicitation were denied, together with the reasons for denial.
 - (6) Set-aside decision.
- (7) Government estimate of contract price.
- (8) A copy of the solicitation and all amendments thereto.
- (9) Security requirements and evidence of required clearances.
- (10) A copy of each offer or quotation, the related abstract, and records of determinations concerning late offers or quotations. Unsuccessful offers or quotations may be maintained separately, if cross-referenced to the contract file. The only portions of the unsuccessful offer or quotation that need be retained are—
- (i) Completed solicitation sections A, B, and K;
- (ii) Technical and management proposals;
- (iii) Cost/price proposals;